



Nr. 5962 b

DOTZAUER

VIOLONCELLO-SCHULE

VIOLONCELLO TUTOR

METHODE DE VIOLONCELLO

(KLINGENBERG)

BAND II · VOL. II

J. J. F. DOTZAUER
J. KLINGENBERG

VIOLONCELLO-SCHULE

VIOLONCELLO TUTOR · METHODE DE VIOLONCELLE

BAND I: ERSTE UND HALBE LAGE

BAND II: ZWEITE BIS FÜNFTE LAGE

BAND III: DIE ÜBRIGEN LAGEN

VOL. I: FIRST AND UPPER FIRST POSITION

VOL. II: SECOND TO FIFTH POSITION

VOL. III: THE OTHER POSITIONS

Unter Nr. 5962b in die Edition Peters aufgenommen

EIGENTUM DES VERLEGERS · ALLE RECHTE VORBEHALTEN

HENRY LITOLFF'S VERLAG / C. F. PETERS

FRANKFURT · LONDON · NEW YORK

Vorwort

Keine der Dotzauer'schen Schulen schien nach dem heutigen Stande des Violoncell-Unterrichtes zu unverändertem Wiederabdruck geeignet, aber die Güte und Verwendbarkeit des in ihnen enthaltenen Lehrstoffes veranlasste mich, denselben in vorliegender Schule von neuem möglichst nutzbringend anzuordnen und zu gestalten. Zur Ausfüllung der vorhandenen Lücken wurden teilweise ältere, oft bewährte

Beispiele von B. Romberg, J. L. Duport und J. B. Gross gewählt und für das Ganze eine systematisch fortschreitende und übersichtliche Anordnung erstrebt, die nur allein dem Schüler ein sicheres und schnelles Vorwärtsschreiten ermöglicht. Der Lehrer versäume nicht, den Schüler im mühelosen Erkennen der grossen und kleinen Terzen zu üben, denn auf dem Unterschiede dieser beiden Inter-

valle beruht die Violoncell-Technik zumeist.

Zweck der Schule möchte sein, dem angehenden Violoncellisten eine sichere und manierenfreie Grundlage zu bieten, von der ausgehend es ihm bei Talent und dem nötigen Fleisse gelingen kann, auch höhere Staffeln in der Kunst des Violoncell-Spiels zu erreichen.

Préface

Aucune des diverses Méthodes de Violoncelle de Dotzauer ne semblait pouvoir supporter l'épreuve de la réédition, étant donné le niveau élevé qu'atteint aujourd'hui l'étude de cet instrument. Et cependant l'excellence pratique des exercices qu'elle contient m'a déterminé à la remettre au jour, en l'utilisant de la façon la plus profitable à l'élève. J'ai comblé les la-

cunes qu'elle présentait par des exemples choisis de B. Romberg, J. L. Duport et J. B. Gross, et je me suis efforcé de grouper ces différents éléments dans un ordre systématique et progressif, de façon à former un ensemble qui fasse faire à l'élève des progrès rapides et sûrs. Le professeur devra de bonne heure exercer l'élève à distinguer les tierces ma-

jeures et mineures, car la technique du violoncelle repose en bonne partie sur la différence entre ces deux intervalles.

Le but de cette méthode est donc d'offrir aux commençants une base d'études, nouvelle dans sa forme et éprouvée dans ses éléments, qui, le travail aidant, les conduira rapidement à la virtuosité.

Preface

None of the Dotzauer Schools for studying the Violoncello seemed appropriate for the purpose of republishing without alteration, considering the position which the study of this instrument occupies now-a-days; but the excellence and value of the material for instruction which they contain, has led me to introduce them again, arranged in the most advantageous form possible. In order to

supply existing deficiencies, older, and much approved selections have been made from B. Romberg, J. L. Duport and J. B. Gross, and the aim throughout has been such a systematic and progressive arrangement as can alone enable the pupil to make sure and rapid strides. The master should accustom the pupil from the first to distinguish between the major and minor thirds, for the

technique of the violoncello lies, for the most part, in the difference between these two intervals.

The object of this School is to afford the beginner in Violoncello playing a sure and simple foundation, by means of which (given the necessary industry and talent) he may succeed in advancing to the higher degrees of excellency in the art.

Johannes Klingenberg

(Kleine Spannung, kleine Terz)

(Petite Extension, Tierce mineure)

(Short stretch, minor third)

109. 

simile



1 2 4 1 3 4 1 2 3 4 3 2 1 2 4 1 3 4 1 2 3 4 3 2

1^a 2^a 3^a 4^a 1^a 2^a 3^a 4^a

Auf allen 4 Saiten – Sur les 4 Cordes – On the 4 Strings

[illegible]

110. *mf* 

Musical notation for the bass line of 'The Rose Tree'. The notation is on a single staff with a bass clef. It includes various note values (quarter, eighth, and sixteenth notes), rests, and fingerings (1, 2, 3, 4). The melody is written in a key with one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). The piece is in 2/4 time. The notation includes a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). The piece is in 2/4 time. The notation includes a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). The piece is in 2/4 time.

Musical notation for the bass line of 'The Rose Tree'. The notation is on a single staff with a bass clef. It consists of several measures of music, primarily using eighth and sixteenth notes. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-4 above the notes. Below the staff, there are labels for the vocal parts: '2a', '1a', and '2a' repeated across the measures.

[illegible]

111. *Andante sostenuto* *amabile*

111. *Andante sostenuto* *amabile*

112. *Andante sostenuto* *amabile*

113. *Andante sostenuto* *amabile*

114. *Andante sostenuto* *amabile*

115. *Andante sostenuto* *amabile*

116. *Andante sostenuto* *amabile*

117. *Andante sostenuto* *amabile*

118. *Andante sostenuto* *amabile*

Lagen-Wechsel

Changements de Positions

Change of Position

Der Daumen rückt mit der ganzen Hand in die vierte Lage | Le pouce glisse avec toute la main dans la quatrième Position | In the fourth position the thumb moves with the whole hand.

112. *Lento* G.

Auf allen 4 Saiten — Sur les 4 Cordes — On the 4 Strings

C dur Tonleiter — Gamme d'Ut majeur — Scale of C major

G dur Tonleiter — Gamme de Sol majeur — Scale of G major

Flageolet - Töne

Sons harmoniques

Harmonics

114.

1^a 2^a 3^a 4^a

D dur Tonleiter — Gamme de Ré majeur — Scale of D major

115. Moderato. M.

The score consists of three staves of music in bass clef, key of D major (two sharps), and common time (C). The first staff begins with a 'G.' (Guitar) instruction and a 'simile' marking. The second staff continues the melody with a 'G.' instruction. The third staff is marked 'Moderato. M.' and 'mf' (mezzo-forte), and also includes a 'simile' marking. The music features various rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests, with some measures containing multiple notes beamed together.

F dur Tonleiter — Gamme de Fa majeur — Scale of F major

ACCORD — CHORD

116.

D moll Tonleiter — Gamme de Ré mineur — Scale of D minor

Melodisch — Mélodique — Melodic
G. *simile*

Harmonisch — Harmonique — Harmonic
G. *simile*

Erniedrigte vierte Lage

(Grosse Spannung, grosse Terz.)

Zurückstellen des ersten Fingers

Quatrième Position reculée

(Grande Extension, Tierce majeure.)

Extension du premier doigt en arrière

Lower Fourth Position

(Long stretch, major third.)

Backward position of the first finger

117.

118.

Lagen-Wechsel

Changements de Positions

Change of Position

Auf allen 4 Saiten — Sur les 4 Cordes — On the 4 Strings

119.

B dur Tonleiter — Gamme de Si bémol majeur — Scale of B flat major

G. *simile*

Auf allen 4 Saiten — Sur les 4 Cordes — On the 4 Strings

120.

G moll Tonleiter — Gamme de Sol mineur — Scale of G minor

Melodisch — Mélodique — Melodic
G. *simile*

120. *simile*
ACCORD — CHORD

121. *Moderato*
mf *cresc.* *2^a* *1^a* *f* *2^a* *dim.*

Vierte Lage

(Grosse Spannung, grosse Terz)

Vorgerückte Stellung des 2.—4. Fingers

Quatrième Position

(Grande Extension, Tierce majeure)

Extension des 2.—4. doigts

Fourth Position

(Long stretch, major third)

Forward position of the 2.—4. finger

122. *1^a* *2^a simile* *3^a* *4^a* *2^a* *1^a*

Auf allen 4 Saiten — Sur

les 4 Cordes — On the 4 Strings

A dur Tonleiter — Gamme de La majeur — Scale of A major

123. *1^a* *2^a* *4^a* *3^a*

A moll Tonleiter — Gamme de La mineur — Scale of A minor

124. *1^a* *2^a* *4^a* *3^a*

Harmonisch — Harmonique — Harmonic

Melodisch — Mélodique — Melodic

125. *1^a* *2^a* *4^a* *3^a*

8

Andante con moto

124.

p dolce *mf*

2^a *f^{1^a} animato*

a tempo *calando p*

mf *1/2 Position*

2^a dim. *3^a* *2^a* *p*

Erhöhte vierte Lage

(Kleine Spannung, kleine Terz.)

Vorgerückte Stellung aller Finger. Der 1. Finger rückt bei grosser Spannung einen halben Ton höher, wird neben den 2. gestellt.

Quatrième Position avancée

(Petite Extension, Tierce mineure.)

Extension de tous les doigts. Le premier doigt glisse d'un demi-ton plus haut avec grande extension pour se placer à côté du second.

Upper Fourth Position

(Short stretch, minor third.)

Forward position of all the fingers. The first finger is stretched out a semitone higher and placed beside the second.

125.

1^a *2^a simile* *3^a* *4^a*

1^a *2^a simile* *3^a* *4^a*

Enharmonisch Enharmonique - Enharmonie

OH. Sp. OH. OH. Sp. OH.

1^a *2^a simile* *3^a* *4^a*

M. *G. 1^a* *2^a simile* *3^a* *4^a*

126. *Andante sostenuto* *p amabile*

dim. *p* *sf*

Auf allen 4 Saiten — Sur les 4 Cordes — On the 4 Strings

127. *Doppelgriffe* *Doubles Cordes* *Double Strings*

p *sf*

128. *Dritte Lage* *Troisième Position* *Third Position*
(Kleine Spannung, kleine Terz.) (Petite Extension, Tierce mineure.) (Short stretch, minor third.)

p *sf*

129. *Allegretto* V
G. p 2^{a} 1^{a}

p V *OH.* *G.* *UH.* *G.* *cresc.*

G. *mf* *dim.* *p*

130. *G.* 2^{a} 1^{a} 3^{a} 4^{a}

Doppelgriffe

Doubles Cordes

Double Strings

G. 2^{a} 1^{a} 3^{a} 4^{a}

Lagen-Wechsel

Changements de Positions

Change of Position

Auf allen 4 Saiten — Sur les 4 Cordes — On the 4 Strings

131. *G.* 1^{a} 2^{a} 3^{a} 4^{a}

G. 2^{a} 1^{a} 3^{a} 4^{a} *Es dur* *Mib majeur* *Eb majeur* *Dmib* *Ré mineur* *D minor*

Auf allen 4 Saiten — Sur les 4 Cordes — On the 4 Strings

1^{a} 2^{a} 3^{a} 4^{a}

132. *Andante*

132. *Andante*

p *p* *III Pos.*

Erniedrigte dritte Lage

(Grosse Spannung, grosse Terz.)

Zurückstellen des ersten Fingers

Troisième Position reculée

(Grande Extension, Tierce majeure.)

Extension du premier doigt en arrière

Lower Third Position

(Long stretch, major third.)

Backward position of the first finger

133.

133.

simile *simile*

134. *Andante con moto*

134. *Andante con moto*

p dolce *cresc.* *f*

dim. *p* *cresc.* *f*

Lagen - Wechsel

Changements de Positions

Change of Position

Auf allen 4 Saiten — Sur les 4 Cordes. — On the 4 Strings

135. *G. b*

Vorgerückte Stellung des 2. — 4. Fingers

Extension des 2.—4. doigts

Forward position of the 2.—4. finger

136. 

The bass line of 'The Rose Tree' is written on a single staff. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The melody starts with a quarter note G, followed by a quarter note A, and then a quarter note B. This is followed by a quarter rest, a quarter note G, and a quarter note F#. The melody then continues with a quarter note E, a quarter note D, and a quarter note C. This is followed by a quarter note B, a quarter note A, and a quarter note G. The melody ends with a quarter note F# and a quarter note E. The notation includes various musical symbols such as clefs, key signatures, and note values.

Allegretti

137. *Allegretto* *G.* *mf*

Musical notation for the bass line of 'The Rose Tree'. The key signature is one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is common time (C). The notation includes a repeat sign at the beginning and end. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1, 2, 3, and 4 above the notes. The melody is written on a single staff.

Auf allen 4 Saiten. — Sur les 4 Cordes. — On the 4 Strings.

Musical notation for the bass line of "The Merry-Go-Round". The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 2/4. The notation includes various musical symbols such as eighth notes, sixteenth notes, and rests, along with fingerings (1, 2, 3, 4) and articulation marks. The piece is marked with a "G." (Grave) and a "C." (Crescendo).

Lagen - Wechsel

Changements de Positions

Change of Position

138.

The bass line is written on a single staff with a bass clef. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The melody consists of eighth and sixteenth notes, with some measures containing triplets. The notation includes fingerings (1-4) and a final measure with a double bar line and a repeat sign. The piece concludes with a final chord and a key signature change to one sharp (F#).

The bass line of 'The Rose Tree' is written in 3/4 time. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The melody consists of eighth and sixteenth notes, with some measures containing triplets. The notation includes fingerings (e.g., 4, 1, 2, 3, 4) and a final double bar line with a repeat sign.

Erhöhte dritte Lage

(Kleine Spannung, kleine Terz.)

Troisième Position avancée

(Petite Extension, Tierce mineure.)

Upper Third Position

(Short stretch, minor third.)

Vorgerückte Stellung aller Finger. Der 1. Finger rückt bei grosser Spannung einen halben Ton höher, wird neben den 2. gestellt.

Extension de tous les doigts. Le premier doigt glisse d'un demi-ton plus haut avec grande extension pour se placer à côté du second.

Forward position of all the fingers. The first finger is stretched out a semitone higher and placed beside the second.

139. 

simile

Auf allen 4 Saiten — Sur les 4 Cordes — On the 4 Strings

G.

G.

140. *p dolce* *cresc.* *mf*

dim. *p* *f*

141. *mf* *f*

mf *f*

mf *f*

mf *f*

mf *f*

rall. f

Change of Position

Auf allen 4 Saiten – Sur les 4 Cordes – On the 4 Strings

[illegible]



Zweite Lage

(Kleine Spannung, kleine Terz)

Deuxième Position

(Petite Extension, Tierce mineure)

Second Position

(Short stretch, minor third)

144.

1st 2nd *simile* 3rd 4th

simile

M.

Auf allen 4 Saiten — Sur les 4 Cordes — On the 4 Strings

Enharmonisch — Enharmonique — Enharmonie

145.

Allegretto

G.

p 2nd *dolce*

p

OH.

G.

UH.

cresc.

mf

G.

dim.

p

146. *Allegro*
mf *cresc.* *f* *dim.* *mf* *dim.* *p*

Lagen-Wechsel Changements de Positions Change of Position
 Auf allen 4 Saiten — Sur les 4 Cordes — On the 4 Strings

147. *G.*

Doppelgriffe Doubles Cordes Double Strings

G. $b\bar{2}^2$ $b\bar{5}^4$ $b\bar{2}^2$ $b\bar{5}^4$ $b\bar{2}^1$ $b\bar{5}^2$ $b\bar{2}^2$

Zweite Lage

(Grosse Spannung, grosse Terz)

Deuxième Position

(Grande Extension, Tierce majeure)

Second Position

(Long stretch, major third)

148. *G.* *1^a* *2^a simile* *3^a* *4^a*

Auf allen 4 Saiten — Sur les 4 Cordes —

1^a *2^a simile* *3^a* *4^a* *1^a*

On the 4 Strings

2^a *Andante con moto* *3^a* *4^a*

149. *p dolce* *cresc.*



Lagen-Wechsel Changements de Positions Change of Position

Auf allen 4 Saiten — Sur les 4 Cordes — On the 4 Strings



Erhöhte zweite Lage

(Kleine Spannung, kleine Terz.)

Deuxième Position avancée

(Petite Extension, Tierce mineure.)

Upper Second Position

(Short stretch, minor third.)

Vorgerückte Stellung aller Finger. Der 1. Finger rückt bei grosser Spannung einen halben Ton höher, wird neben den 2. gestellt.

Extension de tous les doigts. Le premier doigt glisse d'un demi-ton plus haut avec grande extension pour se placer à côté du second.

Forward position of all the fingers. The first finger is stretched out a semitone higher and placed beside the second.

152.

1^{re} 2^{de} *simile* 3^{de} 4^{de}

Auf allen 4 Saiten — Sur les 4 Cordes — On the 4 Strings

3 1 4 2 M. 1 2 3 4 2 4 1 3 4 2 4 1 UH. G. 1 2 3 4

153.

mf Allegretto

Doppelgriffe

Doubles Cordes

Double Strings

G. 2 2 2 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

154.

mf OH. M. 2 4 OH. 2 4 M. 2 4 3 2 4 1 4

155. *mf* 2^a

Erhöhte zweite Lage

(Grosse Spannung, grosse Terz)

Deuxième Position avancée

(Grande Extension, Tierce majeure)

Upper Second Position

(Long stretch, major third)

Gleicht, enharmonisch, der erniedrigten dritten Lage Siehe No. 133

Equivaut, enharmoniquement, à la troisième Position reculée Voir No. 133

Equivalent, enharmonically, to the lower third position See No. 133

156.

Enharmonisch - Enharmonique - Enharmonie

Lagen-Wechsel**Changements de Positions****Change of Position**

157.

Erhöhte erste Lage

(Kleine Spannung, kleine Terz.)

Première Position avancée

(Petite Extension, Tierce mineure)

Upper First Position

(Short stretch, minor third)

Gleicht, enharmonisch, der zweiten Lage Siehe No. 144

Equivaut, enharmoniquement, à la deuxième Position Voir No. 144

Equivalent, enharmonically, to the second position See No. 144

158.

159.

160. *Allegretto* *M.* *p*

161. *Allegro moderato* *UH.* *M.* *UH.* *M.* *UH.* *M.* *UH.* *G.* *mf*

Allegro.

M. 162.

162. *p*

cresc. *f* *2^a*

UH. *pesante* *ff*

163. *p* *Allegro* *G.* *OH.*

simile

cresc. *mf* *dim.*

p

Stricharten – Coups d'archet – Bowings

OH. OH. Sp. UH. M. OH. Sp. OH. M. OH. Sp. OH. Sp. OH. OH.

Lagen-Wechsel
auf mehreren Saiten

Changements de Positions
sur plusieurs Cordes

Change of Position
on various Strings

164. *G.* *0 1 2 4 0* *1 2 4 1* *0 1 2 3 4* *1 2 4 1 2 4* *1 2 4 1* *0 1 2 4*

(ossia staccato M.) *2^a 1^a 2^a 1^a*

3^a 2^a 3^a 2^a 3^a 4^a 3^a 4^a 3^a 4^a

Allegro moderato

165. *G.* *UH.* *G.* *UH.* *G.* *UH.*

p *cresc.* *p*

G. *UH.* *G.* *UH.* *G.* *UH.*

f *dim.* *p*

24

166. 
(ossia staccato M.)

167. **Allegro moderato**

f

A musical score for the song 'The Rose Tree'. It consists of two staves: a treble staff and a bass staff. The treble staff contains the melody, which is written in a key with one sharp (F#) and a common time signature. The melody is characterized by a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, often beamed together. Above the treble staff, there are numerous fingerings indicated by numbers 1 through 4. The bass staff provides a simple harmonic accompaniment, primarily using quarter and eighth notes. The overall style is that of a traditional folk song transcription.

OH. M. OH. 1 2 1 4 3 0 4 2 2 1 4 2 0 2 1 4 2 2

8th

[illegible]

168. 

Musical notation for the bass line of 'The Rose Tree'. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The notation includes various rhythmic values (quarter, eighth, and sixteenth notes) and rests, with fingerings indicated by numbers 1-4 above the notes. The piece concludes with a double bar line.

169.

The musical score consists of six systems of two staves each. The right hand (treble clef) plays a continuous eighth-note melody, often with slurs and fingerings (1-4). The left hand (bass clef) provides a supporting bass line with various rhythmic patterns, including quarter notes, eighth notes, and rests. The score includes dynamic markings such as *mf* and *f*, and articulation marks like accents and slurs. The key signature has two flats (B-flat major), and the time signature is 3/4. The piece concludes with a double bar line at the end of the sixth system.

Allegro

170.

M. 1 2 4 1 3 4 1 2 4 0 1 2 1 2 1 3 4 1 2 4 0 1 3

mf

2^a

1 2 4 1 2 4 0 1 2 1 2 OH. V M. 4 4

4 1 0 1 3 4 0

2 1 1 4 4 4 2 1 4 4 4 2 1 OH. 1 4 0

1 0 1 1 2 4 1 2 1 0 1

171. G. 1 4 2 2 1 3 2 2 2 1 3 2 2 2^a

2 3 2 2 2 1 3 2 2 2 2 1 3 2 2 4^a

1^a 2^a 3^a

172. Andante G. OH. G. V

p dolce

1 3 4 3 1 OH. G. 2 V

3 4 1 4 2 1 3 4 4 3 1 4

3 4 1 4 2 2 4 4 4 1 0 4

f

1 4 2 2 1 4 2 2 0 2 4 2 1 4 2 1

3 4 1 3 4 2 1 4 2 2 1 4 2 1

p *cresc.*

27

173.

Moderato *M.*

Sp. marcato

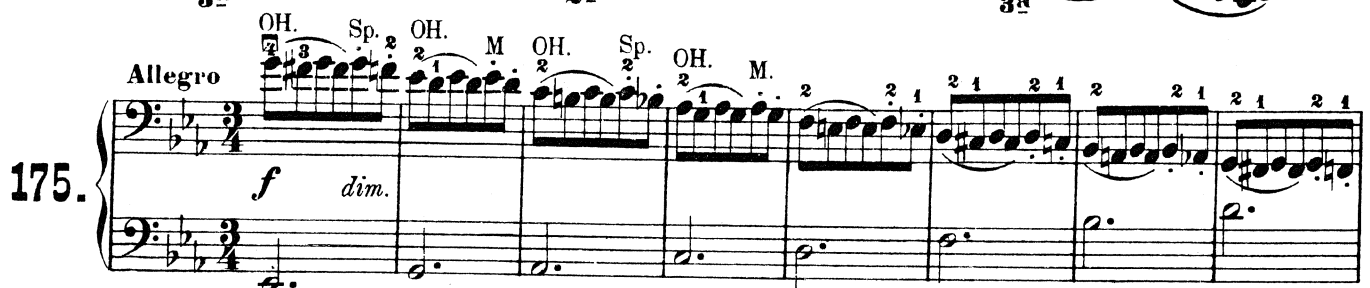
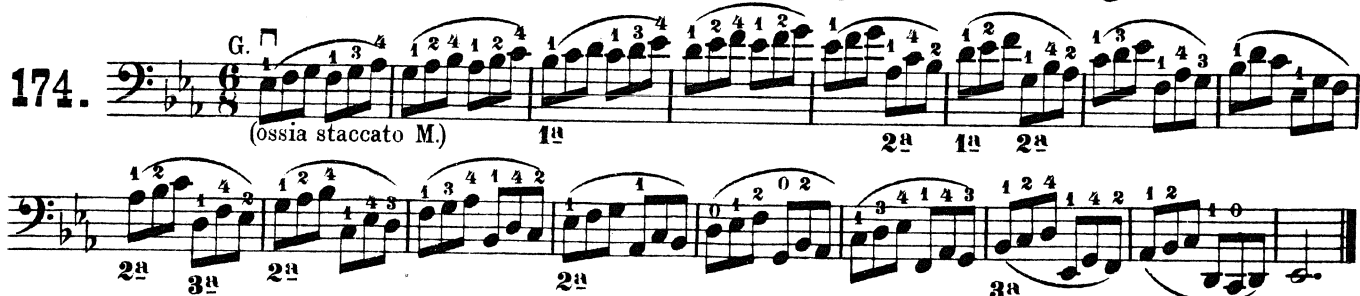
simile

OH. G. UH. G.

Andere Strichart — Un autre coup d'archet — An other bowing



Es dur Tonleiter — Gamme de Mi bémol majeur — Scale of E flat major



dim. *p cresc.*

f

cresc. *pesante* *ff*

C moll Tonleiter — Gamme d'Ut mineur — Scale of C minor

Melodisch — Mélodique — Melodic

simile

Harmonisch — Harmonique — Harmonic

simile

ACCORD — CHORD

simile

176. **Allegro** *f risoluto* *simile* *2^a*

E moll Tonleiter — Gamme de Mi mineur — Scale of E minor
 Melodisch — Mélodique — Melodic

G. 2 4 0 1 2 4 1 2 4 1 2 4 1 3 1 3 4 2 0 0 4 0 4 2

ACCORD — CHORD

G. 3 0 1 1 4 2 4 1 3 0

177.

p

cresc.

f

dim. *p dolce*

dim. *pp*

Allegro $\frac{7}{4}$ 2 Sp.

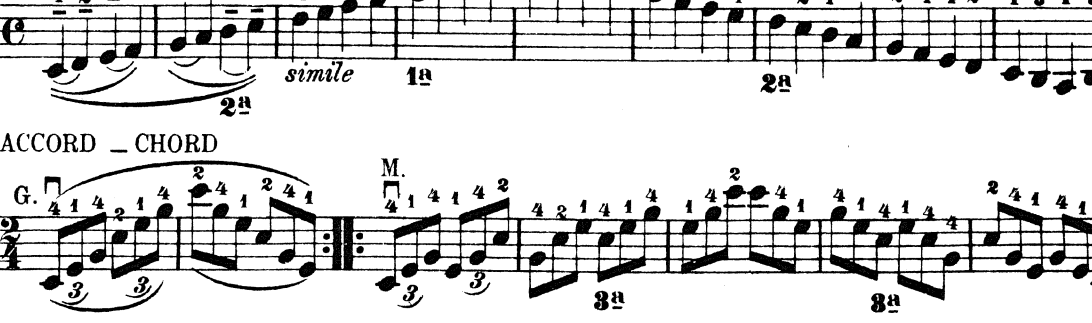
Allegro $\frac{4}{4}$ Sp. OH.

178.

178.

Allegro
OH. Sp. OH.
p
cresc.
f
dim.
p
cresc.
f
ff

E dur Tonleiter — Gamme de Mi majeur — Scale of E major

179. 
The exercise is written for a single melodic line on a bass staff. It begins with a G major triad (G, B, D) and a 6/8 time signature. The first staff contains measures 1 through 10, featuring eighth-note patterns with fingerings (1-4, 2-4, 1-2, 3-4) and a 'simile' instruction. The second staff contains measures 11 through 20, continuing the eighth-note patterns with various fingerings and a final double bar line. The exercise is marked with '179.' at the beginning.

180. **Allegro** *mf*

M. 1 2 OH. 2 M. 2 OH. 1 2 2 0 3

UH. 3 G. 4 2 1 4 4 Sp. 1 2 4 4 M. 1 3 OH. 4 4 4 2 1

p

2 0 4 4 1 2 4 4 1 3 0 4 4

1 4 1 2 4 0 1 2 4 1 2 4 1 2 3 1 2 2 2 4

UH. 1 2 4 G. 1 4 2 2

UH. G. 4

Andantino

181.

181. Andantino

p dolce

cresc. *f* *dim.* *p*

mf *dim.* *p*

H moll Tonleiter — Gamme de Si mineur — Scale of B minor

Melodisch — Mélodique — Melodic

simile

Harmonisch — Harmonique — Harmonic

simile

ACCORD — CHORD

Allegretto

182.

182. Allegretto

mf

Sp. *OH.* *M.* *OH.* *M.*

183. *Allegretto* OH. Sp. OH. *perazioso*

perazioso

mf

f D.C. al Fine

H dur Tonleiter — Gamme de Si majeur — Scale of B major

184.

Moderato

mf

simile

ACCORD - CHORD

Andante con moto

185.

Musical score for piano, marked "Andante con moto". The score is in G major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. It consists of 18 measures, divided into two systems of nine measures each. The notation includes various fingerings, dynamics, and articulations.

Measure 1: Treble clef, G4 quarter note, A4 quarter note, B4 quarter note, C5 quarter note. Bass clef, G2 half note. Dynamics: *p dolce*.

Measure 2: Treble clef, D5 quarter note, E5 quarter note, F5 quarter note, G5 quarter note. Bass clef, A2 half note.

Measure 3: Treble clef, A5 quarter note, B5 quarter note, C6 quarter note, D6 quarter note. Bass clef, B2 half note.

Measure 4: Treble clef, E6 quarter note, F6 quarter note, G6 quarter note, A6 quarter note. Bass clef, C3 half note.

Measure 5: Treble clef, B6 quarter note, C7 quarter note, D7 quarter note, E7 quarter note. Bass clef, D3 half note.

Measure 6: Treble clef, F7 quarter note, G7 quarter note, A7 quarter note, B7 quarter note. Bass clef, E3 half note.

Measure 7: Treble clef, C8 quarter note, D8 quarter note, E8 quarter note, F8 quarter note. Bass clef, F3 half note.

Measure 8: Treble clef, G8 quarter note, A8 quarter note, B8 quarter note, C9 quarter note. Bass clef, G3 half note.

Measure 9: Treble clef, D9 quarter note, E9 quarter note, F9 quarter note, G9 quarter note. Bass clef, A3 half note.

Measure 10: Treble clef, A9 quarter note, B9 quarter note, C10 quarter note, D10 quarter note. Bass clef, B3 half note.

Measure 11: Treble clef, E10 quarter note, F10 quarter note, G10 quarter note, A10 quarter note. Bass clef, C4 half note.

Measure 12: Treble clef, B10 quarter note, C11 quarter note, D11 quarter note, E11 quarter note. Bass clef, D4 half note.

Measure 13: Treble clef, F11 quarter note, G11 quarter note, A11 quarter note, B11 quarter note. Bass clef, E4 half note.

Measure 14: Treble clef, C12 quarter note, D12 quarter note, E12 quarter note, F12 quarter note. Bass clef, F4 half note.

Measure 15: Treble clef, G12 quarter note, A12 quarter note, B12 quarter note, C13 quarter note. Bass clef, G4 half note.

Measure 16: Treble clef, A12 quarter note, B12 quarter note, C13 quarter note, D13 quarter note. Bass clef, A4 half note.

Measure 17: Treble clef, B12 quarter note, C13 quarter note, D13 quarter note, E13 quarter note. Bass clef, B4 half note.

Measure 18: Treble clef, C14 quarter note, D14 quarter note, E14 quarter note, F14 quarter note. Bass clef, C5 half note.

Dynamics and markings include: *p dolce*, *cresc.*, *mf*, *dim.*, *f*, and *staccato*.

Fünfte Lage

(Kleine Spannung, kleine Terz)

Gleicht, enharmonisch, der erhöhten vierten Lage Siehe No. 125

Cinquième Position

(Petite Extension, Tierce mineure)

Équivaut, enharmoniquement, à la quatrième Position avancée Voir No. 125

Fifth Position

(Short stretch, minor third)

Equivalent, enharmonically, to the upper fourth position See No. 125

186.

Enharmonisch - Enharmonique - Enharmonic

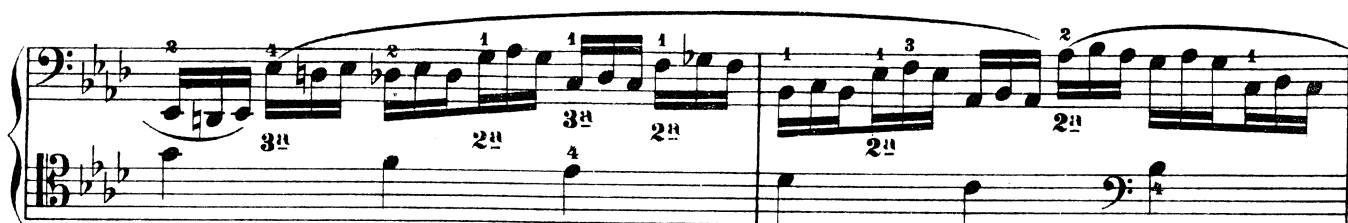
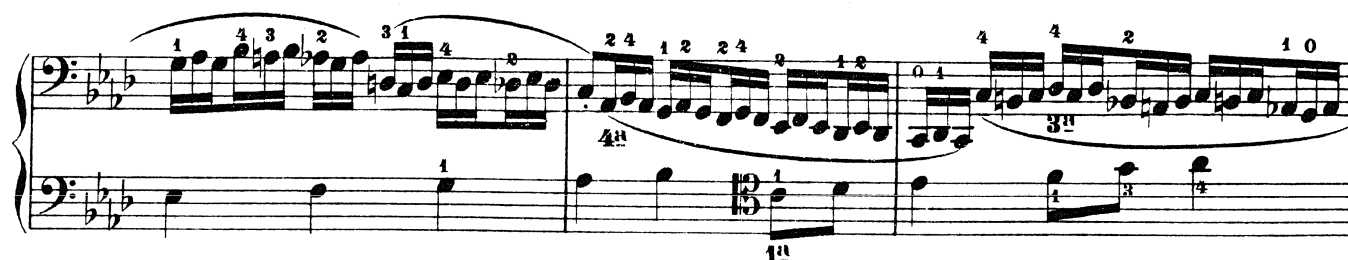
As dur Tonleiter — Gamme de La bémol majeur — Scale of A flat major

ACCORD — CHORD

Moderato

187.

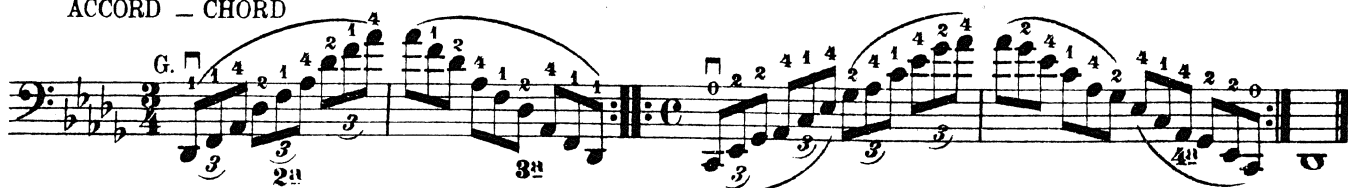
Allegro



Des dur Tonleiter — Gamme de Ré bémol majeur — Scale of D flat major



ACCORD — CHORD



Allegro, ma non troppo



This page of musical notation consists of seven systems, each with a treble and bass staff. The key signature is three flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat). The notation includes various musical elements:

- System 1:** Treble staff has a series of eighth-note chords with fingerings 1, 2, 3, 4. Bass staff has a single note with a 'V' marking. Dynamics include *mf*.
- System 2:** Treble staff has eighth-note chords with fingerings 1, 2, 3, 4. Bass staff has a single note with a 'V' marking. Dynamics include *mf*.
- System 3:** Treble staff has eighth-note chords with fingerings 1, 2, 3, 4. Bass staff has a single note with a 'V' marking. Dynamics include *mf*.
- System 4:** Treble staff has eighth-note chords with fingerings 1, 2, 3, 4. Bass staff has a single note with a 'V' marking. Dynamics include *mf*.
- System 5:** Treble staff has eighth-note chords with fingerings 1, 2, 3, 4. Bass staff has a single note with a 'V' marking. Dynamics include *mf*.
- System 6:** Treble staff has eighth-note chords with fingerings 1, 2, 3, 4. Bass staff has a single note with a 'V' marking. Dynamics include *mf*.
- System 7:** Treble staff has eighth-note chords with fingerings 1, 2, 3, 4. Bass staff has a single note with a 'V' marking. Dynamics include *mf*.

The notation is highly detailed, with many fingerings and dynamic markings throughout.

ACCORD – CHORD

Moderato

A musical score for the song "The Rose Tree". The score is written for voice and piano. The voice part is in the upper staff, and the piano accompaniment is in the lower staff. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 4/4. The score consists of 12 measures. The piano accompaniment features a steady eighth-note bass line in the left hand and a more complex melody in the right hand, often using triplets and sixteenth notes. The voice part enters in the second measure and continues through the twelfth measure. The score is labeled with "1a" and "2a" in the piano part, indicating first and second endings. The title "The Rose Tree" is written in a decorative font at the bottom of the page.

Fis moll Tonleiter — Gamme de Fa dièze mineur — Scale of F sharp minor

Melodisch — Mélodique — Melodic

ACCORD – CHORD

ACCORD = CHORD

G. 4 1 4 2 1 4

2 2

2 4 1 2 4 1

2 2

191.

Allegro OH. M. OH.

41

mf

cresc.

f

dim. *p*

cresc. *f*

rf *pesante ff*

Cis moll Tonleiter — Gamme d'Ut dièze mineur — Scale of C sharp minor

Melodisch — Mélodique — Melodic



ACCORD. — CHORD



192. **Allegro**

Gis moll Tonleiter — Gamme de Sol dièze mineur — Scale of G sharp minor

Melodisch. — Mélodique — Melodic

ACCORD — CHORD

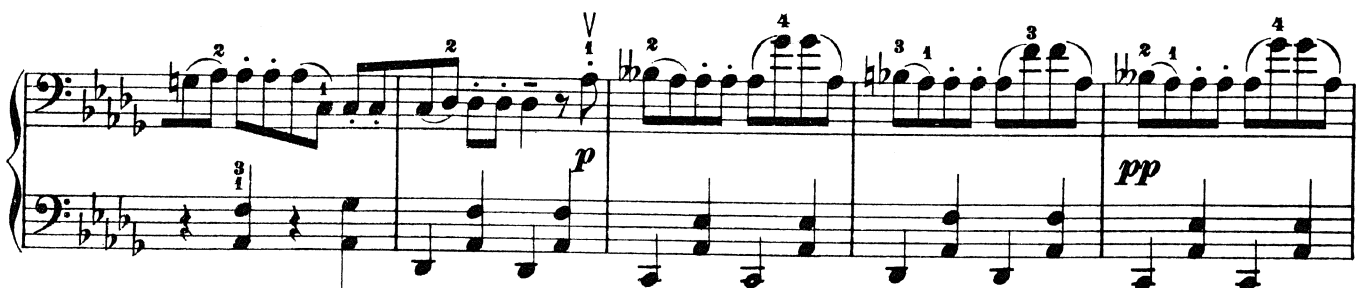
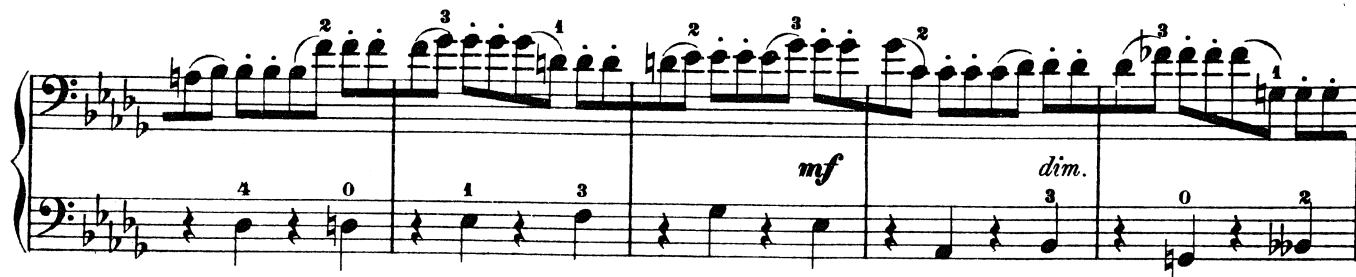
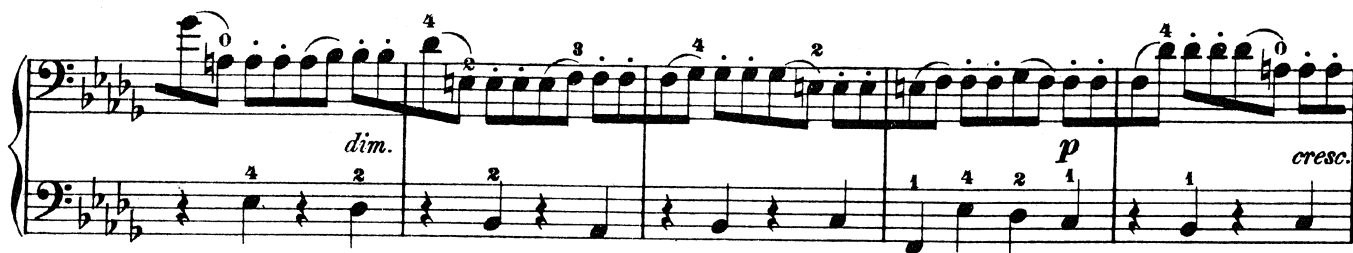
B moll Tonleiter — Gamme de Si bémol mineur — Scale of B flat minor
 Melodisch — Mélodique — Melodic



ACCORD — CHORD



Allegro con fuoco



Es moll Tonleiter — Gamme de Mi bémol mineur — Scale of E flat minor

Melodisch — Mélodique — Melodic

ACCORD — CHORD

Allegretto